Safety Data sheet according to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012

1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Code: **OP430**
Product name **WHITE MATT POLYURETHANE TOP COAT**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use **Paint for wood**

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Pertinent description of use:	✓	✓	-

Uses Advised Against
Do it yourself

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name **INDUSTRIA CHIMICA ADRIATICA S.P.A.**
Full address **Via S. Pertini, 52**
District and Country **62012 Civitanova Marche (MC)**
ITALY
Tel. +39 0733 8080
Fax +39 0733 808140
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet **regulatoryaffairs@icaspa.com**

Product distribution by: **INDUSTRIA CHIMICA ADRIATICA S.p.A.**

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to **Anti-poison centre – Hospital of Florence (24/24 hours)**
Telephone +39 055 794 7819

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.
Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Classification and Hazard Statement

Flammable liquid, category 2	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Carcinogenicity, category 2	Suspected of causing cancer.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Eye irritation, category 2	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin sensitization, category 1	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Hazard pictograms:

Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

2. Hazards identification ... / >>

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:
Prevention:

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / lighting / equipment.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P261	Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P264	Wash the hands thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves / clothing and eye / face protection.

Response:

P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water and soap.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER / doctor / if you feel unwell.
P314	Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: use chemical powder to extinguish.

Storage:

P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, international regulations.

2.2. Other hazards

Information not available

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	**x = Conc. %**	**Classification:**
Titanium dioxide		
CAS 13463-67-7	27 ≤ x < 28.5	**Carcinogenicity, category 2 H351**
EC 236-675-5		
INDEX		

3. Composition/information on ingredients ... / >>

Xylene, mixture of isomers
CAS *1330-20-7* 21 ≤ x < 22.5 **Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Acute toxicity, category 4 H312, Acute toxicity, category 4 H332, Aspiration hazard, category 1 H304, Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 H373, Eye irritation, category 2 H319, Skin irritation, category 2 H315, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H335**
EC *215-535-7*
INDEX *601-022-00-9*

N-butyl acetate
CAS *123-86-4* 5 ≤ x < 6 **Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336**
EC *204-658-1*
INDEX *607-025-00-1*

Ethyl acetate
CAS *141-78-6* 4.5 ≤ x < 5 **Flammable liquid, category 2 H225, Eye irritation, category 2 H319, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336**
EC *205-500-4*
INDEX *607-022-00-5*

Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18 unsaturated, maleate
CAS *85711-46-2* 0.2 ≤ x < 0.25 **Skin irritation, category 2 H315, Skin sensitization, category 1 H317**
EC *288-306-2*
INDEX

Methanol
CAS *67-56-1* 0.1 ≤ x < 0.15 **Flammable liquid, category 2 H225, Acute toxicity, category 3 H301, Acute toxicity, category 3 H311, Acute toxicity, category 3 H331, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 1 H370**
EC *200-659-6*
INDEX *603-001-00-X*

* There is a batch to batch variation.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

4. First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.
SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.
INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.
INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT
Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.
UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT
Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE
Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5. Fire-fighting measures ... / >>

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION
Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.
SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS
Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.
Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.
Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

USA	NIOSH-REL	NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007.
USA	OSHA-PEL	Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits for Air Contaminants TABLE Z-1-1910.1000.
USA	CAL/OSHA-PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2016

Titanium dioxide

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OSHA	USA	15				INHAL
CAL/OSHA	USA	10				INHAL
CAL/OSHA	USA	5				RESP

Xylene, mixture of isomers

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
OSHA	USA	435	100			
CAL/OSHA	USA	435	100	655 (C)	3000 (C)	

N-butyl acetate

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OSHA	USA	710	150			
CAL/OSHA	USA	710	150	950	200	
NIOSH	USA	710	150	950	200	

Ethyl acetate

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OEL	EU		400			
OSHA	USA	1400	400			
CAL/OSHA	USA	1.4	400			
NIOSH	USA	1400	400			

Methanol

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OEL	EU	260	200			SKIN
TLV-ACGIH	-	262	200	328	250	
OSHA	USA	260	200			
CAL/OSHA	USA	260	200	325 (C)	1000 (C)	SKIN
NIOSH	USA	260	200	325	250	SKIN

Legend:
(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.
HAND PROTECTION
Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).
The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.
The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.
SKIN PROTECTION
Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.
EYE PROTECTION
Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes,

8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

mists, etc.) combined filters are required.Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.
If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS
The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance		liquid	
Colour		white	
Odour		characteristic	
Odour threshold		Not available	
pH		Not available	
Melting point / freezing point		Not available	
Initial boiling point	>	136 °C	(276,8 °F)
Boiling range		Not available	
Flash point		-18 ≤ T ≤ 23	°C (-0,4 ≤ T ≤ 73,4 °F)
Evaporation Rate		Not available	
Flammability of solids and gases		Not available	
Lower inflammability limit		Not available	
Upper inflammability limit		Not available	
Lower explosive limit		Not available	
Upper explosive limit		Not available	
Vapour pressure		Not available	
Vapour density		> 1,0000	
Relative density		1.40	
Solubility		partially soluble	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water		Not available	
Auto-ignition temperature		Not available	
Decomposition temperature		Not available	
Viscosity		Not available	
Explosive properties		Not available	
Oxidising properties		Not available	

9.2. Other information

Total solids (250°C / 482°F)	67,74 %
VOC :	451.60 g/litre

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.
It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:	> 20 mg/l
LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg
LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide

LD50 (Oral)	> 5000 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Dermal)	> 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18 unsaturated, maleate

LD50 (Oral)	> 2000 mg/kg Rat

Xylene, mixture of isomers

LD50 (Oral)	4300 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation)	5000 ppm/4h Rat

Ethyl acetate

LD50 (Oral)	4934 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Dermal)	> 20000 mg/kg Rabbit
LC50 (Inhalation)	> 22.5 mg/l/6h Rat

N-butyl acetate

LD50 (Oral)	10760 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Dermal)	> 14112 mg/kg Rabbit
LC50 (Inhalation)	> 20 mg/l/4h Rat

Methanol

LD50 (Oral)	> 2528 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Dermal)	17100 mg/kg Rabbit

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

11. Toxicological information ... / >>

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Suspected of causing cancer

Carcinogenicity Assessment:
13463-67-7 Titanium dioxide
IARC:2B
1330-20-7 Xylene, mixture of isomers
IARC:3
100-41-4 Ethylbenzene
IARC:2B
64-17-5 Ethanol
IARC:1
108-31-6 MALEIC ANHYDRIDE
ACGIH:: A4

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

Titanium dioxide

LC50 - for Fish	> 1000 mg/l/96h Fish
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 10000 mg/l/72h Skeletonema costatum

Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18 unsaturated, maleate

EC50 - for Crustacea	> 100 mg/l/48h Daphnia Magna

Xylene, mixture of isomers

LC50 - for Fish	13.4 mg/l/96h Fish
EC50 - for Crustacea	8.5 mg/l/48h

Ethyl acetate

LC50 - for Fish	230 mg/l/96h Fish
EC50 - for Crustacea	165 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	2.4 mg/l Daphnia pulex

12. Ecological information ... / >>

N-butyl acetate

LC50 - for Fish	18 mg/l/96h Fish
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	397 mg/l/72h Alga

Methanol

LC50 - for Fish	15400 mg/l/96h Fish
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 10000 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18 unsaturated, maleate
NOT rapidly degradable

Xylene, mixture of isomers
Rapidly degradable

Ethyl acetate
Rapidly degradable

N-butyl acetate
Rapidly degradable

Methanol

Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Xylene, mixture of isomers
LogPow : 3.12.
BCF: 8.1 a 25.9.
Potential: Low.

Methanol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	-0.77
BCF	0.2

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.
Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.
CONTAMINATED PACKAGING
Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	PAINT
IMDG:	PAINT
IATA:	PAINT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3	

14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: II

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 33 Special Provision: 640C	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, S-E	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
IATA:	Cargo: Pass.: Special Instructions:	Maximum quantity: 60 L Maximum quantity: 5 L A3, A72, A192	Packaging instructions: 364 Packaging instructions: 353

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA:
All components are listed on TSCA Inventory.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b):

1330-20-7	Xylene, mixture of isomers
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene
67-56-1	Methanol

15. Regulatory information ... / >>

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:
No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:
No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants:

100-41-4	Ethylbenzene

Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants:

100-41-4	Ethylbenzene

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):
No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):
No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists:
313 Category Code:

100-41-4	Ethylbenzene
1344-28-1	Aluminium oxyde
1330-20-7	Xylene, mixture of isomers
67-56-1	Methanol
108-31-6	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:
No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:
No component(s) listed.

CERCLA RQ:

100-41-4	Ethylbenzene
1330-20-7	Xylene, mixture of isomers
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate
123-86-4	N-butyl acetate
67-56-1	Methanol
108-31-6	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

EPCRA 313 TRI:

100-41-4	Ethylbenzene
1344-28-1	Aluminium oxyde
1330-20-7	Xylene, mixture of isomers
67-56-1	Methanol
108-31-6	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

RCRA Code:

1330-20-7	Xylene, mixture of isomers
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate
67-56-1	Methanol
108-31-6	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ:
No component(s) listed.

State Regulations

Massachussetts:

13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide
1330-20-7	Xylene, mixture of isomers
123-86-4	N-butyl acetate
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene
64-17-5	Ethanol
67-56-1	Methanol

Minnesota:

13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide

15. Regulatory information ... / >>

1330-20-7	Xylene, mixture of isomers
123-86-4	N-butyl acetate
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene
64-17-5	Ethanol
67-56-1	Methanol

New Jersey:

13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide
1330-20-7	Xylene, mixture of isomers
123-86-4	N-butyl acetate
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene
64-17-5	Ethanol
67-56-1	Methanol

New York:

1330-20-7	Xylene, mixture of isomers
123-86-4	N-butyl acetate
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene
67-56-1	Methanol

Pennsylvania:

13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide
1330-20-7	Xylene, mixture of isomers
123-86-4	N-butyl acetate
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene
64-17-5	Ethanol
67-56-1	Methanol

California:

1330-20-7	Xylene, mixture of isomers
123-86-4	N-butyl acetate
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene
64-17-5	Ethanol
67-56-1	Methanol

Proposition 65:
WARNING! This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or reproductive harm.

13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide C
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene C
67-56-1	Methanol D

International Regulations
Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:
None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:
None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:
None

Candadian WHMIS
Information not available

16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs.

16. Other information ... / >>

H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

LEGEND:
- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

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Note for users:
The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.
This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.
The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.
Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.